## Synergistically acting herbicidal mixtures

The present invention relates to a synergistic herbicidal mixture comprising

A) at least one 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoyl derivative of the formula I

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in which the variables have the following meanings:

- $R^1$ ,  $R^3$  are halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -haloalkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylthio,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylsulfinyl or  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylsulfonyl;
- 25 R<sup>4</sup> is hydrogen, halogen or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl;
  - $R^5$  is  $C_1-C_6$ -alkyl;
  - R<sup>6</sup> is hydrogen or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl;

or one of its environmentally compatible salts;

and

B) at least the compound of formula IIa

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or one of its environmentally compatible salts;

or

10 the compound of formula IIb

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or one of its environmentally compatible salts;

and, if desired,

- c) at least one herbicidal compound from the group of the acetyl-CoA carboxylase inhibitors (ACC), acetolactate synthase inhibitors (ALS), amides, auxin herbicides, auxin transport inhibitors, carotenoid biosynthesis inhibitors, enolpyruvyl-shikimate 3-phosphate synthase inhibitors (EPSPS), glutamine synthetase inhibitors, lipid biosynthesis inhibitors, mitosis inhibitors, protoporphyrinogen IX oxidase inhibitors, photosynthesis inhibitors, synergists, growth substances, cell wall biosynthesis inhibitors and a variety of other herbicides;
- 30 in a synergistically effective amount.

The invention furthermore relates to herbicidal compositions comprising a herbicidally active amount of a synergistic herbicidal mixture as defined above and at least one liquid and/or solid carrier and, if desired, at least one surfactant.

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Moreover, the invention relates to processes for the preparation of these compositions and to a method of controlling undesirable vegetation.

In crop protection products, it is always desirable to increase the specific activity of an active ingredient and the reliability of action. It is an object of the present invention to increase the activity and/or selectivity of the herbicidally active 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoyl derivatives of the formula I against undesirable harmful plants.

We have found that this object is achieved by the mixtures defined at the outset. We have furthermore found herbicidal compositions which comprise these mixtures, processes for their preparation, and methods of controlling undesirable vegetation. In the last-mentioned cases, it is irrelevant whether the herbicidally active compounds of the components A), B) and, if desired, C) are formulated and applied jointly or separately and in which sequence they are applied in the case of separate application.

The mixtures according to the invention show a synergistic effect; the compatibility of the herbicidally active compounds of components A), B) and, if desired C) for certain crop plants is generally retained.

Suitable components C are, as acetyl-CoA carboxylase inhibitors (ACC), for example, cyclohexenone oxime ethers, phenoxyphenoxypropionic esters or arylaminopropionic acids. The acetolactate synthase inhibitors (ALS) include, inter alia, imidazolinones, pyrimidyl ethers, sulfonamides or sulfonyl ureas. Relevant auxin herbicides are, inter alia, pyridine carboxylic acids, 2,4-D or benazolin. Lipid biosynthesis inhibitors which are used are, inter alia, anilides, chloroacetanilides, thioureas, benfuresate

or perfluidone. Suitable mitosis inhibitors are, inter alia, carbamates, dinitroanilines, pyridines, butamifos, chlorthaldimethyl (DCPA) or maleic hydrazide. Examples of protoporphyrino-gen IX oxidase inhibitors are, inter alia, diphenyl ethers, oxadiazoles, cyclic imides or pyrazoles. Suitable photosynthesis inhibitors are, inter alia, propanil, pyridate, pyridafol, benzothiadiazinones, dinitrophenols, dipyridylenes, ureas, phenols, chloridazon, triazine, triazinone, uracils or biscarbamates. The synergists are, inter alia, oxiranes. Examples of suitable growth substances are aryloxyalkanoic acids, benzoic acids or quinolinecarboxylic acids. The group "various other herbicide" is to be understood as meaning, inter alia, the classes of the active ingredients dicloropropionic acids, dihydrobenzofurans, phenylacetic acids and individual herbicides mentioned below whose mechanism of action is not (fully) understood.

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Other suitable components C are active compounds selected from the group of the amides, auxin transport inhibitors, carotenoic biosynthesis inhibitors, enolpyruvylshikimate 3-phosphate synthese inhibitors (EPSPS), glutamine synthetase inhibitors and cell wall synthesis inhibitors.

Examples of herbicides which can be used in combination with the 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoyl derivatives of formula I and the compound of formula IIa and/or the compound of formula IIb according to the present invention are, inter alia:

C1 acetyl-CoA carboxylase inhibitors (ACC), for example

- cyclohexenone oxime ethers, such as alloxydim, clethodim, cloproxydim, cycloxydim, sethoxydim, tralkoxydim, butroxydim, clefoxydim or tepraloxydim;
- phenoxyphenoxypropionic esters, such as clodinafop-propargyl (and, if appropriate, cloquintocet), cyhalofop-butyl, diclofop-methyl, fenoxaprop-ethyl, feno-xaprop-P-ethyl, fenthiapropethyl, fluazifop-butyl, fluazifop-P-butyl, haloxyfop-ethoxyethyl, haloxyfop-methyl, haloxyfop-methyl, isoxapyrifop, propaquizafop, quizalofop-ethyl, quizalofop-P-ethyl or quizalofop-tefuryl; or

- arylaminopropionic acids, such as flamprop-methyl or flamprop-isopropyl;
- C2 acetolactate synthase inhibitors (ALS), for example
- imidazolinones, such as imazapyr, imazaquin, imazamethabenz-methyl (imazame), imazamox, imazapic, imazethapyr or imazamethapyr;
  - pyrimidyl ethers, such as pyrithiobac-acid, pyrithiobac-sodium, bispyribac-sodium, KIH-6127 or pyribenzoxym;
  - sulfonamides, such as florasulam, flumetsulam or metosulam; or
- sulfonylureas, such as amidosulfuron, azimsulfuron, bensulfuron-methyl, chlorimuron-ethyl, chlorsulfuron, cinosulfuron, cyclosulfamuron, ethametsulfuron-methyl, ethoxysulfuron, flazasulfuron, halosulfuron-methyl, imazosulfuron, metsulfuron-methyl, nicosulfuron, primisulfuron-methyl, prosulfuron, pyrazosulfuron-ethyl, rimsulfuron, sulfometuron-methyl, thifensulfuron-methyl, triasulfuron, tribenuron-methyl, triflusulfuron-methyl, N-[[[4-methoxy-6-(trifluoromethyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]amino]carbonyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)-benzenesulfon-amide, sulfosulfuron or iodosulfuron;
- 25 C3 amides, for example
  - allidochlor (CDAA), benzoylprop-ethyl, bromobutide, chlorthiamid, diphenamid, etobenzanid (benzchlomet), fluthiamide, fosamin or monalide;
- 30 C4 auxin herbicides, for example
  - pyridinecarboxylic acids, such as clopyralid or picloram; or
  - 2,4-D or benazolin;
- 35 C5 auxin transport inhibitors, for examplenaptalame or diflufenzopyr;
  - C6 carotenoid biosynthesis inhibitors, for example

PCT/EP2003/008114 WO 2004/010779

benzofenap, clomazone (dimethazone), diflufenican, fluorochloridone, fluridone, pyrazolynate, pyrazoxyfen, isoxaflutole, isoxachlortole, mesotrione, sulcotrione (chlormesulone), ketospiradox, flurtamone, norflurazon or amitrol;

- enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase inhibitors (EPSPS), for example
  - glyphosate or sulfosate;

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- glutamine synthetase inhibitors, for example C8
  - bilanafos (bialaphos) or glufosinate-ammonium;
- lipid biosynthesis inhibitors, for example C9
- anilides, such as anilofos or mefenacet; .15
  - chloroacetanilides, such as dimethenamid, S-dimethenamid, acetochlor, alachlor, butachlor, butenachlor, diethatyl-ethyl, dimethachlor, metazachlor, metolachlor, S-metolachlor, pretilachlor, propachlor, prynachlor,

terbuchlor, thenylchlor or xylachlor; 20

- thioureas, such as butylate, cycloate, di-allate, dimepiperate, EPTC, esprocarb, molinate, pebulate, prosulfocarb, thiobencarb (benthiocarb), tri-allate or vernolate; or
- benfuresate or perfluidone; 25

# C10 mitosis inhibitors, for example

- carbamates, such as asulam, carbetamid, chlorpropham, orbencarb, pronamid (propyzamid), propham or tiocarbazil;
- dinitroanilines, such as benefin, butralin, dinitramin, ethalfluralin, fluchloralin, oryzalin, pendimethalin, prodiamine or trifluralin;
- pyridines, such as dithiopyr or thiazopyr; or
- butamifos, chlorthal-dimethyl (DCPA) or maleic hy-35 drazide;
  - C11 protoporphyrinogen IX oxidase inhibitors, for example

- diphenyl ethers, such as acifluorfen, acifluorfensodium, aclonifen, bifenox, chlornitrofen (CNP), ethoxyfen, fluorodifen, fluoroglycofen-ethyl, fomesafen, furyloxyfen, lactofen, nitrofen, nitrofluorfen or oxyfluorfen;
- oxadiazoles, such as oxadiargyl or oxadiazon;
- cyclic imides, such as azafenidin, butafenacil, carfentrazone-ethyl, cinidon-ethyl, flumiclorac-pentyl, flumioxazin, flumipropyn, flupropacil, fluthiacet-methyl, sulfentrazone or thidiazimin; or
- pyrazoles, such as ET-751, JV 485 or nipyraclofen;

# C12 photosynthesis inhibitors, for example

- propanil, pyridate or pyridafol;
- .15 benzothiadiazinones, such as bentazone;
  - dinitrophenols, for example bromofenoxim, dinoseb, dinoseb-acetate, dinoterb or DNOC;
  - dipyridylenes, such as cyperquat-chloride, difenzoquatmethylsulfate, diquat or paraquat-dichloride;
- ureas, such as chlorbromuron, chlorotoluron, difenoxuron, dimefuron, diuron, ethidimuron, fenuron,
  fluometuron, isoproturon, isouron, linuron, methabenzthiazuron, methazole, metobenzuron, metoxuron, monolinuron, neburon, siduron or tebuthiuron;
- 25 phenols, such as bromoxynil or ioxynil;
  - chloridazon;

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- triazines, such as ametryn, atrazine, cyanazine, desmetryn, dimethamethryn, hexazinone, prometon, prometryn, propazine, simazine, simetryn, terbumeton, terbutryn, terbutylazine or trietazine;
- triazinones, such as metamitron or metribuzin;
- uracils, such as bromacil, lenacil or terbacil; or
- biscarbamates, such as desmedipham or phenmedipham;
- 35 C13 synergists, for example
  - oxiranes, such as tridiphane;
  - C14 growth substances, for example

- aryloxyalkanoic acids, such as 2,4-DB, clomeprop, dichlorprop, dichlorprop-P (2,4-DP-P), fluoroxypyr, MCPA, MCPB, mecoprop, mecoprop-P or triclopyr;
- benzoic acids, such as chloramben or dicamba; or
- quinolinecarboxylic acids, such as quinclorac or quinmerac;
- C15 cell wall synthesis inhibitors, for example
  - isoxaben or dichlobenil;

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- C16 various other herbicides, for example
  - dichloropropionic acids, such as dalapon;
  - dihydrobenzofurans, such as ethofumesate;
  - phenylacetic acids, such as chlorfenac (fenac); or
- aziprotryn, barban, bensulide, benzthiazuron, benzofluor, buminafos, buthidazole, buturon, cafenstrole,
  chlorbufam, chlorfenprop-methyl, chloroxuron, cinmethylin, cumyluron, cycluron, cyprazine, cyprazole,
  dibenzyluron, dipropetryn, dymron, eglinazin-ethyl, endothall, ethiozin, flucabazone, fluorbentranil, flupoxam, isocarbamid, isopropalin, karbutilate, mefluidide, monuron, napropamide, napropanilide, nitralin,
  oxaciclomefone, phenisopham, piperophos, procyazine,
  profluralin, pyributicarb, secbumeton, sulfallate
  (CDEC), terbucarb, triaziflam, triazofenamid or trimeturon;

or their environmentally compatible salts.

- The 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoyl derivatives of the formula I are disclosed in WO 96/26206, WO 97/41116, WO 97/41117, WO 97/41118 and WO 98/31681.
- The compound of formula IIa (common name flumetsulam) and the compound of formula IIb (common name clopyralid) as well as the herbicidally active compounds from amongst groups C1 to C16 are described, for example, in

"Herbizide [Herbicides] ", Hock, Fedtke, Schmidt, 1st edition, Thieme 1995 (s. "quinclorac" p. 238, "molinat" p. 32, "butachlor" p. 32, "pretilachlor" p. 32, "dithiopyr" p. 32, "mefenacet" p. 32, "fenoxapropethyl" p. 216, "dimepiperate" p. 32, "pyrazolynate" p. 146, "pyrazoxyfen" p. 146, "bensul-5 furonmethyl" p. 31, "pyrazosulfuron-ethyl" p. 31, "cinosulfuron p. 31, "benfuresate" p. 233, "bromobutide" p. 243, "dymron" p. 243, "dimethyametryn" p. 118, "esprocarb" p. 229, "pyributicarb" p. 32, "cinemthylin" p. 32, "propanil" p. 32, "2,4-D" p. 30, "bentazon" p. 30, "azimsulfuron (DPX-10 A-8947) p. 175, "mecoprop-P" p. 237, "chlorpropham" p. 205, "ethoxyfen" p. 30, "haloxyfop-P-methyl" p. 38, "haloxyfopethoxyethyl" p. 38, "flumiclorac-pentyl" p. 35, "flupropacil" p. 143, "nipyraclofen" p. 145, "metosulam" p. 33, "ethametsulfuron-methyl" p. 36, "thifensulfuron-methyl" p. 35, .15 "pyrithiobac acid" p. 181);

"Agricultural Chemicals", Book II Herbicides, 1993 (s. "thiobencarb" p. 85, "benzofenap" p. 221, "napropanilid" p. 49, "piperophos" p. 102, "anilofos" p. 241, "imazosulfuron 20 (TH-913) " p. 150, "etobenzamid (HW-52) " p. 54, "sulcotrione (ICIA-0051) " p. 268, "poast" p. 253, "focus" p. 222, "dimethenamid" p. 48, "sulfosate" p. 236, "2,4-DB" p. 10, "dichlorprop-P" p. 6, "flupoxam" p. 44, "prosulfocarb" p. 84, "quinmerac" p. 233, "metazachlor" p. 64, "flurtamone" p. 25 265, "bromofenoxim" p. 228, "fomesafen" p. 248, "imazamethabenz-methyl" p. 153, "clodinafop-propargyl" p. 214, "fenoxaprop-P-ethyl" p. 208, "fluazifop-P-butyl" p. 207, "quizalofop-P-ethyl" p. 210, "quizalofop-terfuryl" p. 211, "flumioxazin" p. 43, "flumipropyn" p. 267, "sulfentrazone" p. 261, 30 "thiazopyr" p. 226, "pyrithiobac-sodium" p. 266, "flumetsulam" p. 227, "amidosulfuron" p. 151, "halosulfuron-methyl" p. 148, "rimsulfuron" p. 138, "tribenuron-methyl" p. 139, "triflusul-furon-methyl" p. 137, "primisulfuron-methyl" p. 147); 35

"Agricultural Chemicals", Book II Herbicides, 13<sup>th</sup> Edition (s. "carfenstole" p. 284, "sulfosulfuron" p. 145, "ethoxysulfuron" p. 149, "pyribenzoxym" p. 279, "diflufenzopyr" p.

90, "ET-751" p. 278, "carfentrazone-ethyl" p. 267, "flu-thiacet-methyl" p. 277, "imazapic" p. 160, "butenachlor" p. 54, "tiocarbazil" p. 84, "fluthiamide" p. 62, "isoxaflutole" p. 283, "butroxydim" p. 259,)

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"Short Review of Herbicides & PGRs 1991, Hodogaya Chemicals (s. "furyloxyfen" p. 142, "triazofenamid" p. 268, "thenylchlorid (NSK-850) " p. 52, "cumyluron (JC-940) " p. 90, "pendimethalin (AC-92553)" p. 58, "buthidazole" p. 88, "cyprazole" p. 38, "allidochlor" p. 48, "benzoylprop-ethyl" p. 38, "chlorthiamid" p. 150, "diphenamid" p. 34, "flampropmethyl" p. 40, "fosamin" p. 232, "isoxaben" p. 42, "monalide" p. 32, "naptalam" p. 36, "pronamid" p. 34, "bialaphos" p. 234, "glufosinate-ammonium" p. 234, "glyphosate" p. 232, "amitrol" p. 254, "clomeprop p. 20, "dichlorprop" p. 6, "fenoprop" p. 8, "fluroxypyr" p. 156, "MCPA" p. 4, "MCPB" p. 8, "mecoprop" p. 6, "napropamide" p. 16, "triclopyr" p. 154, "chloramben" p. 28, "dicamba" p. 26, "clomazone" p. 268, "diflufenican" p. 42, "fluorochloridone" p. 266, "fluridone" p. 156, "asulam" p. 112, "barban" p. 100, "butylate" p. 106, "carbetamide" p. 36, "chlorobufam" p. 100, "cycloate" p. 108, "desmedipham" p. 104, "di-allate" p. 106, "EPTC" p. 108, "orbencarb" p. 112, "pebulate" p. 106, "phenisopham" p. 118, "phenmedipham" p. 104, "propham" p. 100, "sulfallate" p. 110, "terbucarb" p. 102, "tri-allate" p. 108, "vernolate" p. 108, "acetochlor" p. 48, "alachlor" p. 46, "diethathyl-ethyl" p.48, "dimethachlor" p. 50, "metolachlor" p. 46, "propachlor" p. 44, "pyrnachlor" p. 44, "terbuchlor" p. 48, "xylachlor" p. 52, "alloxydim" p. 260, "clethodim" p. 270, "cloproxydim" p. 268, "tralkoxydim" p. 270, "dalapon" p. 212, "ethofumesate" p. 124, "benefin" p. 54, "butralin" p. 58, "dinitramin" p. 56, "ethalfluralin" p. 60, "fluchloralin" p. 54, "isopropalin" p. 58, "nitralin" p. 58, "oryzalin" p. 60, "prodiamine" p. 62, "profluralin" p. 54, "trifluralin" p. 54, "dinoseb" p. 128, "dinoseb-acetate" p. 128, "dinoterb" p. 128, "DNOC" p. 126, "acifluorfensodium" p. 142, "aclonifen" p. 146, "bifenox" p. 140, "chlornitrofen" p. 138, "difenoxuron" p. 76, "fluorodifen" p. 138, "fluoroglycofen-ethyl" p. 146, "lactofen" p. 144,

"nitrofen" p. 136, "nitrofluorfen" p. 140, "oxyfluorfen" p. 140, "cyperquat-chloride" p. 158, "difenzoquat-methylsulfate" p. 160, "diquat" p. 158, "paraquat-dichloride" p. 158, "benzthiazuron" p. 82, "buturon" p. 66, "chlorbromuron" p. 72, "chloroxuron" p. 76, "chlorotoluron" p. 74, "cyclu-5 ron" p. 84, "dimefuron" p. 88, "diuron" p. 70, "ethidimuron" p. 86, "fenuron" p. 64, "fluometuron" p. 68, "isoproturon" p. 80, "isouron" p. 88, "karbutilate" p. 76, "linuron" p. 72, "methabenzthiazuron" p. 82, "metoxuron" p. 72, "monolinuron" p. 66, "monuron" p. 64, "neburon" p. 72, "siduron" p. 10 68, "tebuthiuron" p. 86, "trimeturon" p. 64, "isocarbamid" p. 168, "imazamethapyr" p. 172, "imazapyr" p. 170, "imazaquin" p. 170, "imazethapyr" p. 172, "methazole" p. 162, "oxadiazon" p. 162, "tridiphane" p. 266, "bromoxynil" p. 148, "ioxynil" p. 148, "diclofop-methyl" p. 16, "fenthia-.15 prop-ethyl" p. 20, "fluazifop-butyl" p. 18, "haloxyfopmethyl" p. 18, "isoxapyrifop" p. 22, "propaquizafop" p. 24, "quizalofop-ethyl" p. 20, "chlorfenac" p. 258, "chlorfenprop-methyl" p. 258, "chloridazon" p. 174, "maleic hydrazide" p. 162, "norflurazon" p. 174, "pyridate" p. 176, 20 "clopyralid" p. 154, "picloram" p. 154, "chlorimuron-ethyl" p. 92, "chlorsulfuron" p. 92, "flazasulfuron" p. 96, "metsulfuron-methyl" S.92, "nicosulfuron" p. 96, "sulfometuron-methyl" p. 92, "triasulfuron" p. 94, "ametryn" p. 198, "atrazine" p. 188, "aziprotryne" p. 206, "cyanazine" p. 192, 25 "cyprazine" p. 192, "desmetryne" p. 200, "dipropetryn" p. 202, "eglinazine-ethyl" p. 208, "hexazinone" p. 208, "procyazine" p. 192, "prometone" p. 196, "prometryn" p. 196, "propazine" p. 188, "secbumeton" p. 196, "simazine" p. 188, "simetryn" p. 196, "terbumeton" p. 204, "terbutryn" p. 198, 30 "terbutylazine" p. 190, "trietazine" p. 188, "ethiozine" p. 210, "metamitron" p. 206, "metribuzin" p. 202, "bromacil" p. 180, "lenacil" p. 180, "terbacil" p. 180, "benazolin" p. 262, "bensulide" p. 228, "benzofluor" p. 266, "butamifos" p. 228, "DCPA" p. 28, "dichlobenil" p. 148, "endothal" p. 264, 35 "mefluidide" p. 306, "perfluidone" p. 260, "terbuchlor" p.

48);

PCT/EP2003/008114

- "Global Herbicide Directory" First Edition, 1994 (s. "oxadiargyl" p. 96);
- "European Directory of Agrochemical Products" Volume 2 Herbicides" Fourth Edition, (s. "buminafos" p. 255);
  - "The Pesticide Maunal,12th edition, 2000 (s. "bispyribac-sodium" p. 97, "florasulam" p. 420, "cyclosulfamuron" p. 217, "pretiachlor" p. 755).

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Moreover, the compound "DEH-112" is disclosed in European Patent Application EP-A 302 203. The compound "tepraloxydim" is described in DE-A 33 36 140; the compound "cinidon-ethyl" in DE-A 36 03 789 and the compound "fluorbentranil" in EP-A 84 893.

Other compounds are known from "Brighton Crop Protection Conference - Weeds - 1993" (S. "thidiazimin" p. 29, "AC-322140" p. 41, "KIH-6127" p. 47, "prosulfuron" p. 53, "KIH-2023" p. 61, "metobenzuron" p. 67). The compound "carfenstrole (CH-900)" is men-

tioned in EP-A 332 133, and the compound N-[[[4-methoxy-6-(tri-20 fluoromethyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]amino]-carbonyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide) is described in PCT/EP 96/03996.

The assignment of the active ingredients to the respective mechanisms of action is based on current knowledge. If several mechanisms of action apply to one active ingredient, this substance was only assigned to one mode of action.

The 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoyl derivatives of the formula I can exist, or be used, in the form of the pure enantioners and also as racemates or diastereomer mixtures.

The 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoyl derivatives of the formula I and/or the compound of formula IIa and/or the compound of formula IIb and/or the herbicidally active compounds from amoungs groups C1 to C16 may also exist in the form of their environmentally compatible salts. Suitable salts are, in general, the salts of those cations, or the acid addition salts of those acids, whose cations, or anions, respectively, do not adversely affect the herbicidal action of the active ingredients.

Suitable cations are, in particular, ions of the alkali metals, preferably lithium, sodium and potassium, of the alkaline earth metals, preferably calcium and magnesium, and of the transition metals, preferably manganese, copper, zinc and iron, and also ammonium, it being possible in this case, if desired, for one to four hydrogen atoms to be replaced by C1-C4-alkyl, hydroxy-C1-C4alkyl,  $C_1-C_4$ -alkoxy- $C_1-C_4$ -alkyl, hydroxy- $C_1-C_4$ -alkoxy- $C_1-C_4$ -alkyl, phenyl or benzyl, preferably ammonium, isopropylammonium, dimethylammonium, diisopropylammonium, tetramethylammonium, tetra-10 butylammonium, 2-(2-hydroxyeth-1-oxy)eth-1-yl ammonium, di(2hydroxyeth-1-yl)ammonium, trimethylbenzylammonium, furthermore phosphonium ions, sulfonium ions, preferably tri(C1-C4-alkyl)sulfonium and sulfoxonium ions, preferably, tri(C1-C4-alkyl)-.15 sulfoxonium.

Anions of suitable acid addition salts are mainly chloride, bromide, fluoride, hydrogen sulfate, sulfate, dihydrogen phosphate, hydrogen phosphate, nitrate, hydrogen carbonate, carbonate, hexafluorosilicate, hexafluorophosphate, benzoate and the anions of  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkanoic acids, preferably formate, acetate, propionate and butyrate.

Preferred with regard to the synergistic herbicidal action of
the mixtures according to the invention are those 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoyl derivatives of the formula I in which
the variables have the following meanings, either alone or in
combination:

- 30 R¹ halogen such as chlorine or bromine, C₁-C₆-alkyl such as methyl or ethyl or C₁-C₆-alkylsulfonyl such as methylsulfonyl or ethylsulfonyl; especially preferably chlorine, methyl or methylsulfonyl;
- a heterocyclic radical selected from the group: isoxazol-3-yl, isoxazol-5-yl and 4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl, it being possible for the three radicals mentioned to be unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted by halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl,

14

C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkoxy or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylthio;
especially preferably isoxazol-5-yl, 3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl,
4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl, 5-methyl-4,5-dihydroisoxazol-yl,
5-ethyl-4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl or 4,5-dimethyl-4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl;

- R<sup>3</sup> halogen such as chlorine or bromine or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylsulfonyl such as methylsulfonyl or ethylsulfonyl; especially preferably chlorine, methylsulfonyl or ethylsulfonyl;
- R<sup>4</sup> hydrogen or methyl; especially preferably hydrogen;

is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, such as methyl, ethyl, propyl, 1-methylethyl, butyl, 1-methylpropyl or 2-methylpropyl;
especially preferably methyl, ethyl or 1-methylethyl;

20  $R^6$  hydrogen or  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl, such as methyl or ethyl; especially preferably hydrogen or methyl.

Very particularly preferred are those 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoyl derivatives of the formula Ia, in particular the compounds Ia.1 to Ia.47, which are mentioned in Table 1 which follows:

#### Table 1

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$$\begin{array}{c|c} R^6 & & \\ \hline \\ N & \\ R^5 & \\ \end{array}$$
 OH  $\begin{array}{c} R^1 \\ \\ R^2 \\ \\ \end{array}$ 

No.	R <sup>1</sup>	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>3</sup>	R <sup>4</sup>	R <sup>5</sup>	R <sup>6</sup>
Ia.1	CI	4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl	SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH₃	CH <sub>3</sub>
Ia.2	Cl	4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl	CI	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
la.3	Cl	4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl	SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	H	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н
Ia.4	CI	4,5-dihydro-5-methylisoxazol-3-yl	SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н
Ia.5	CI	4,5-dihydro-5,5-dimethylisoxazol-3-yl	SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н
Ia.6	CI	4,5-dihydro-5-ethylisoxazol-3-yl	SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н
1a.7	Cl	4,5-dihydro-5,5-diethylisoxazol-3-yl	SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н
Ia.8	CI	4,5-dihydro-5-chloromethylisoxazol-3-yl	SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н
la.9	CI	4,5-dihydro-5-ethoxyisoxazol-3-yl	SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н
Ia.10	Cl	4,5-dihydro-5-methoxyisoxazol-3-yl	SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н
la.11	CI	4,5-dihydro-4,5-dimethylisoxazol-3-yl	SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н
la.12	Cl	4,5-dihydro-5-thioethylisoxazol-3-yl	SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н
Ia.13	CI	4,5-dihydro-5-trifluoromethylisoxazol-3-yl	SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н
la.14	CI ·	4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl	SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	H
la.15	CI	4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl	CI	Н	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	Н
la.16	CI	4,5-dihydro-5-methylisoxazol-3-yl	SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	Н
Ia.17	C.I	4,5-dihydro-5,5-dimethylisoxazol-3-yl	SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	H
Ia.18	CI	4,5-dihydro-5-ethylisoxazol-3-yl	SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	Н
la.19	CI	4,5-dihydro-5,5-diethylisoxazol-3-yl	SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	Н
la:20	CI	4,5-dihydro-5-chloromethylisoxazol-3-yl	SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> .	Н
Ia.21	CI	4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl	SOCH <sub>3</sub>	Н	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	Н
la.22	CI	4,5-dihydro-5-ethoxyisoxazol-3-yl	SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	Н
Ia.23	Cl	4,5-dihydro-4,5-dimethylisoxazol-3-yl	SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	H	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	Н
la.24	CI	4,5-dihydro-5-thioethylisoxazol-3-yl	SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	H	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	Н
Ia.25	Cl	4,5-dihydro-5-trifluoromethylisoxazol-3-yl	SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	H	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	Н
la.26	Cl	4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl	SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	i-C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>9</sub>	Н
la.27	CH <sub>3</sub>	4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl	SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	H	CH <sub>3</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
la.28	CH <sub>3</sub>	4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl	Cl	H	CH <sub>3</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
Ia.29	CH <sub>3</sub>	4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl	SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	H	CH <sub>3</sub>	H
Ia.30	CH <sub>3</sub>	4,5-dihydro-5-methylisoxazol-3-yl	SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	1	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н
Ia.31	CH <sub>3</sub>	4,5-dihydro-5,5-dimethylisoxazol-3-yl	SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>		CH <sub>3</sub>	Н
la.32	CH <sub>3</sub>	4,5-dihydro-5-ethylisoxazol-3-yl	SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>		CH <sub>3</sub>	Н
la.33	CH <sub>3</sub>	4,5-dihydro-5,5-diethylisoxazol-3-yl	SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>		CH <sub>3</sub>	H
la.34	CH <sub>3</sub>	4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl	SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>		CH <sub>3</sub>	Н
Ia.35	CH <sub>3</sub>	4,5-dihydro-4,5-dimethylisoxazol-3-yl	SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>		CH <sub>3</sub>	Н
la.36	CH <sub>3</sub>	4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl	SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>		C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	Н
la.37	CH <sub>3</sub>	4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl	CI	H	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	H
la.38	CH <sub>3</sub>	4,5-dihydro-5-methylisoxazol-3-yl	SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	H

CH <sub>3</sub>	4,5-dihydro-5,5-dimethylisoxazol-3-yl	SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	Н
		SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	Н
		SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	Н
		SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	Н
		SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	i-C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>9</sub>	Н
CI	3-methylisoxazol-5-yl	SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н
CI	3-methylisoxazol-5-yl	SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	Н
CH <sub>3</sub>	3-methylisoxazol-5-yl	SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	CH <sub>3</sub>	Н
CH <sub>3</sub>	3-methylisoxazol-5-yl	SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	Н	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	Н
	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> CI CI CH <sub>3</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub> 4,5-dihydro-5-ethylisoxazol-3-yl CH <sub>3</sub> 4,5-dihydro-5,5-diethylisoxazol-3-yl CH <sub>3</sub> 4,5-dihydro-4,5-dimethylisoxazol-3-yl CH <sub>3</sub> 4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl Cl 3-methylisoxazol-5-yl Cl 3-methylisoxazol-5-yl CH <sub>3</sub> 3-methylisoxazol-5-yl	CH <sub>3</sub> 4,5-dihydro-5-ethylisoxazol-3-yl SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> 4,5-dihydro-5,5-diethylisoxazol-3-yl SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> 4,5-dihydro-4,5-dimethylisoxazol-3-yl SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> 4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> 14,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> Cl 3-methylisoxazol-5-yl SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> Cl 3-methylisoxazol-5-yl SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> 3-methylisoxazol-5-yl SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub> 4,5-dihydro-5-ethylisoxazol-3-yl SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> H  CH <sub>3</sub> 4,5-dihydro-5,5-diethylisoxazol-3-yl SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> H  CH <sub>3</sub> 4,5-dihydro-4,5-dimethylisoxazol-3-yl SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> H  CH <sub>3</sub> 4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> H  CH <sub>3</sub> 3-methylisoxazol-5-yl SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> H  CI 3-methylisoxazol-5-yl SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> H  CH <sub>3</sub> 3-methylisoxazol-5-yl SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> H	CH <sub>3</sub> 4,5-dihydro-5,ethylisoxazol-3-yl SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> H C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> 4,5-dihydro-5,5-diethylisoxazol-3-yl SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> H C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> 4,5-dihydro-4,5-dimethylisoxazol-3-yl SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> H C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> 4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> H i-C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>9</sub> CI 3-methylisoxazol-5-yl SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> H CH <sub>3</sub> CI 3-methylisoxazol-5-yl SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> H C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> 3-methylisoxazol-5-yl SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> H C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> 3-methylisoxazol-5-yl SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> H CH <sub>3</sub>

Also very particularly preferred are the compounds Ib, in particular the compounds 1b.1 to 1b.47, which differ from the compounds Ia.1 to Ia.47 only by the fact that they are present as the sodium salt:

- Also very particularly preferred are the compounds Ic, in particular the compounds Ic.1 to Ic.47, which differ from the compounds Ia.1 to Ia.47 only by the fact that they are present as the lithium salt:

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Also very particularly preferred are the compounds Id, in particular the compounds Id.1 to Id.47, which differ from the compounds Ia.1 to Ia.47 only by the fact that they are present as the potassium salt:

- Also very particularly preferred are the compounds Ie, in particular the compounds Ie.1 to Ie.47, which differ from the compounds Ia.1 to Ia.47 only by the fact that they are present as the ammonium salt:

- Very particularly preferred are, especially, the compounds
   Ia, especially the compounds Ia.1 to Ia.47.
  - Very particularly preferred are, moreover, the 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoyl derivatives of the formula I, where

15  $R^4$  is hydrogen.

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- Very particularly preferred are, moreover, the 3-heterocyclyl substituted benzoyl derivatives of the formula I whe re
- is a heterocyclic radical selected from the group:
  isoxazol-3-yl, isoxazol-4-yl and isoxazol-5-yl, it being possible for the three radicals mentioned to be unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted by halogen, C<sub>1</sub>C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkoxy
  or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylthio.

Very particularly preferred are, especially, the 3-hetero-cyclyl-substituted benzoyl derivatives of the formula I, where

- is isoxazol-3-yl which can be unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted by halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -h
  - R4 is hydrogen.

Very particularly preferred are also, especially, the
3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoyl derivatives of the formula I where

- is isoxazol-5-yl, which can be unsubstituted or monoor polysubstituted by halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkoxy or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylthio;
  - R4 is hydrogen.

Most particularly preferred is 4-[2-chloro-3-(3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole.

- Most particularly preferred is also 4-[2-methyl-3-(3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole.
- Very particularly preferred are, moreover, the 3-hetero cyclyl-substituted benzoyl derivatives of the formula I
   where
- is a heterocyclic radical selected from the group:
  4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl, 4,5-dihydroisoxazol-4-yl and
  4,5-dihydroisoxazol-5-yl, it being possible for the
  three radicals mentioned to be unsubstituted or monoor polysubstituted by halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy,
  C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkoxy or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylthio.

Very particularly preferred are, especially, the 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoyl derivatives of the formula I where

- is 4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl which can be unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted by halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkoxy or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylthio;
- 10 R4 is hydrogen.

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Most particularly preferred are the 3-heterocyclylsubstituted benzoyl derivatives of the formula I where

- 15 R1 is halogen or C1-C6-alkyl; and
  - $R^2$  is 4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl which can be unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted by halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkoxy or  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkylthio;
  - R3 is C1-C6-alkylsulfonyl;
  - R4 is hydrogen.

Most especially preferred is 4-[2-chloro-3-(4,5-dihydro-isoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonylbenzoyl]-1-methyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole.

- Most particularly preferred is also 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole.
- In a further particular embodiment, the synergistic herbicidal mixture comprises, as component A at least a compound of the formula I, as component B the compound of formula IIa, and, if desired the compound of formula IIb, and, if desired, as component C at least one herbicidal compound from the group of the acetyl-CoA carboxylase inhibitors

(ACC), acetolactate synthase inhibitors (ALS), amides, auxin herbicides, auxin transport inhibitors, carotenoid biosynthesis inhibitors, enolpyruvylshikimate 3-phosphate synthase inhibitors (EPSPS), glutamine synthetase inhibitors, lipid biosynthesis inhibitors, mitosis inhibitors, protoporphyrinogen IX oxidase inhibitors, photosynthesis inhibitors, synergists, growth substances, cell wall biosynthesis inhibitors and a variety of other herbicides; or the respective environmentally compatible salts thereof.

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In a further particular embodiment, the synergistic herbicidal mixture comprises, as herbicides the components A and B, wherein the component A comprises at least a compound of the formula I, and the component B comprises at least the compound of formula IIa or the compound of formula IIb.

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In an especial particular embodiment, the synergistic herbicidal mixture comprises, two or three herbicidal active compounds, a compound of formula I (component A), the compound of formula IIa and/or the compound of formula IIb (component B).

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In an extraordinary particular embodiment, the synergistic herbicidal mixture comprises, two herbicidal active compounds, a compound of formula I (component A) and the compound of formula IIa (component B).

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For particular preferred embodiments, the respective preferences described above apply analogously.

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In particular the synergistic herbicidal mixture comprises as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole and as component B the compound of formula IIa.

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In a further extraordinary particular embodiment, the synergistic herbicidal mixture comprises, three herbicidal active compounds, a compound of formula I (component A) and as com-

PCT/EP2003/008114

ponent B the compound of formula IIa and the compound of formula IIb.

For particular preferred embodiments, the respective preferences described above apply analogously.

In particular the synergistic herbicidal mixture comprises as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole and as component B the compound of formula IIa and the compound of formula IIb.

In a further extraordinary particular embodiment, the synergistic herbicidal mixture comprises, two herbicidal active compounds, a compound of formula I (component A) and the compound of formula IIb (component B).

For particular preferred embodiments, the respective preferences described above apply analogously.

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In particular the synergistic herbicidal mixture comprises as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole and as component B the compound of formula IIb.

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In a further particular embodiment, the synergistic herbicidal mixture comprises, at least, as component A) a 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoyl derivative of the formula I; as component B) at least the compound of formula IIa or the 30 compound of formula IIb; and as component C) at least one herbicidal compound from the group of the acetyl-CoA carboxylase inhibitors (ACC), acetolactate synthase inhibitors (ALS), amides, auxin herbicides, auxin transport inhibitors, carotenoid biosynthesis inhibi-35 tors, enolpyruvylshikimate 3-phosphate synthase inhibitors (EPSPS), glutamine synthetase inhibitors, lipid biosynthesis inhibitors, mitosis inhibitors, protoporphyrinogen IX oxidase inhibitors, photosynthesis inhibitors, synergists,

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growth substances, cell wall biosynthesis inhibitors and a variety of other herbicides.

For particular preferred embodiments, the respective preferences described above apply analogously.

In an especial particular embodiment, the synergistic herbicidal mixture comprises, at least, as component A) a 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoyl deriva-

as component A) a 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoyl derivative of the formula I;

as component B) the compound of formula IIa and, if desired, the compound of formula IIb; and

as component C) at least one herbicidal compound from the group of the acetyl-CoA carboxylase inhibitors (ACC), acetolactate synthase inhibitors (ALS), amides, auxin herbicides, auxin transport inhibitors, carotenoid biosynthesis inhibitors, enolpyruvylshikimate 3-phosphate synthase inhibitors (EPSPS), glutamine synthetase inhibitors, lipid biosynthesis inhibitors, mitosis inhibitors, protoporphyrinogen IX oxidase inhibitors, photosynthesis inhibitors, synergists, growth substances, cell wall biosynthesis inhibitors and a variety of other herbicides.

For particular preferred embodiments, the respective preferences described above apply analogously.

In an extraordinary particular embodiment, the synergistic herbicidal mixture comprises, at least,

as component A) a 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoyl derivative of the formula I;

as component B) the compound of formula IIa; and as component C) at least one herbicidal compound from the group of the acetyl-CoA carboxylase inhibitors (ACC), acetolactate synthase inhibitors (ALS), amides, auxin herbicides, auxin transport inhibitors, carotenoid biosynthesis inhibitors, enolpyruvylshikimate 3-phosphate synthase inhibitors (EPSPS), glutamine synthetase inhibitors, lipid biosynthesis inhibitors, mitosis inhibitors, protoporphyrinogen IX oxidase inhibitors, photosynthesis inhibitors, synergists,

growth substances, cell wall biosynthesis inhibitors and a variety of other herbicides.

For particular preferred embodiments, the respective preferences described above apply analogously.

In an extraordinary preferred embodiment, the synergistic herbicidal mixture comprises three herbicidal active compounds, a compound of formula I (component A), as component B the compound of formula IIa and as component C) a herbicidal compound from the group of the acetyl-CoA carboxylase inhibitors (ACC), acetolactate synthase inhibitors (ALS), amides, auxin herbicides, auxin transport inhibitors, carotenoid biosynthesis inhibitors, enolpyruvylshikimate 3-phosphate synthase inhibitors (EPSPS), glutamine synthetase inhibitors, lipid biosynthesis inhibitors, mitosis inhibitors, protoporphyrinogen IX oxidase inhibitors, photosynthesis inhibitors, synergists, growth substances, cell wall biosynthesis inhibitors and a variety of other herbicides.

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In a further extraordinary preferred embodiment, the synergistic herbicidal mixture comprises four herbicidal active
compounds, a compound of formula I (component A), as component B the compound of formula IIa and as component C) two
herbicidal compound from the group of the acetyl-CoA carboxylase inhibitors (ACC), acetolactate synthase inhibitors
(ALS), amides, auxin herbicides, auxin transport inhibitors,
carotenoid biosynthesis inhibitors, enolpyruvylshikimate 3phosphate synthase inhibitors (EPSPS), glutamine synthetase
inhibitors, lipid biosynthesis inhibitors, mitosis inhibitors, protoporphyrinogen IX oxidase inhibitors, photosynthesis inhibitors, synergists, growth substances, cell wall
biosynthesis inhibitors and a variety of other herbicides.

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In a further particular embodiment, the synergistic herbicidal mixture comprises, at least, as component A) a 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoyl derivative of the formula I; as component B) the compound of formula IIb; and

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WO 2004/010779 PCT/EP2003/008114

as component C) at least one herbicidal compound from the group of the acetyl-CoA carboxylase inhibitors (ACC), acetolactate synthase inhibitors (ALS), amides, auxin herbicides, auxin transport inhibitors, carotenoid biosynthesis inhibitors, enolpyruvylshikimate 3-phosphate synthase inhibitors (EPSPS), glutamine synthetase inhibitors, lipid biosynthesis inhibitors, mitosis inhibitors, protoporphyrinogen IX oxidase inhibitors, photosynthesis inhibitors, synergists, growth substances, cell wall biosynthesis inhibitors and a variety of other herbicides.

For particular preferred embodiments, the respective preferences described above apply analogously.

In a further particular embodiment, the synergistic herbicidal mixture comprises three herbicidal active compounds, a compound of formula I (component A), as component B the compound of formula IIb and as component C) a herbicidal compound from the group of the acetyl-CoA carboxylase inhibitors (ACC), acetolactate synthase inhibitors (ALS), amides, auxin herbicides, auxin transport inhibitors, carotenoid biosynthesis inhibitors, enolpyruvylshikimate 3-phosphate synthase inhibitors (EPSPS), glutamine synthetase inhibitors, lipid biosynthesis inhibitors, mitosis inhibitors, protoporphyrinogen IX oxidase inhibitors, photosynthesis inhibitors, synergists, growth substances, cell wall biosynthesis inhibitors and a variety of other herbicides.

In a further particular embodiment, the synergistic herbicidal mixture comprises four herbicidal active compounds, a compound of formula I (component A), as component B the compound of formula IIb and as component C) two herbicidal compound from the group of the acetyl-CoA carboxylase inhibitors (ACC), acetolactate synthase inhibitors (ALS), amides, auxin herbicides, auxin transport inhibitors, carotenoid biosynthesis inhibitors, enolpyruvylshikimate 3-phosphate synthase inhibitors (EPSPS), glutamine synthetase inhibitors, lipid biosynthesis inhibitors, mitosis inhibitors, protoporphyrinogen IX oxidase inhibitors, photosynthesis in-

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hibitors, synergists, growth substances, cell wall biosynthesis inhibitors and a variety of other herbicides.

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In a further particular embodiment, the synergistic herbicidal mixture comprises at least four herbicidal active compounds, a compound of formula I (component A), as component B the compound of formula IIa and the compound of formula IIb and as component C) a herbicidal compound from the group of the acetyl-CoA carboxylase inhibitors (ACC), acetolactate synthase inhibitors (ALS), amides, auxin herbicides, auxin transport inhibitors, carotenoid biosynthesis inhibitors, enolpyruvylshikimate 3-phosphate synthase inhibitors (EPSPS), glutamine synthetase inhibitors, lipid biosynthesis inhibitors, mitosis inhibitors, protoporphyrinogen IX oxidase inhibitors, photosynthesis inhibitors, synergists, growth substances, cell wall biosynthesis inhibitors and a variety of other herbicides.

In a further particular embodiment, the synergistic herbicidal mixture comprises four herbicidal active compounds, a compound of formula I (component A), as component B the compound of formula IIa and the compound of formula IIb and as component C) a herbicidal compound from the group of the acetyl-CoA carboxylase inhibitors (ACC), acetolactate synthase inhibitors (ALS), amides, auxin herbicides, auxin transport inhibitors, carotenoid biosynthesis inhibitors, enolpyruvylshikimate 3-phosphate synthase inhibitors (EPSPS), glutamine synthetase inhibitors, lipid biosynthesis inhibitors, mitosis inhibitors, protoporphyrinogen IX oxidase inhibitors, photosynthesis inhibitors, synergists, growth substances, cell wall biosynthesis inhibitors and a variety of other herbicides.

In a further particular embodiment, the synergistic herbicidal mixture comprises five herbicidal active compounds, a compound of formula I (component A), as component B the compound of formula IIa and the compound of formula IIb and as component C) two herbicidal compound from the group of the acetyl-CoA carboxylase inhibitors (ACC), acetolactate syn-

thase inhibitors (ALS), amides, auxin herbicides, auxin transport inhibitors, carotenoid biosynthesis inhibitors, enolpyruvylshikimate 3-phosphate synthase inhibitors (EPSPS), glutamine synthetase inhibitors, lipid biosynthesis inhibitors, mitosis inhibitors, protoporphyrinogen IX oxidase inhibitors, photosynthesis inhibitors, synergists, growth substances, cell wall biosynthesis inhibitors and a variety of other herbicides.

With a view to the synergistic herbicidal action of the mixtures comprising a component A), B) and C) according to the invention, compounds from amongst groups C1 to C14 or C16, preferably from amongst groups C5, C9 and C12, especially from amongst groups C9 and C12, are preferred as component C).

In particular, compounds from amongst the classes of active ingredients mentioned below are preferred, or the following compounds are very particularly preferred:

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- C1 acetyl-CoA carboxylase inhibitors (ACC):
  - cyclohexenone oxime ethers, in particular cycloxydim, sethoxydim or tralkoxydim, preferably sethoxydim or tralkoxydim; or

phenoxyphenoxypropionic esters, in particular clodinafop-propargyl (and, if appropriate, cloquintocet), fenoxaprop-ethyl or fenoxaprop-Pethyl, preferably clodinafop-propargyl (and, if appropriate, cloquintocet) or fenoxaprop-P-ethyl;

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- C2 acetolactate synthase inhibitors (ALS):
  - imidazolinones, in particular imazapyr, imazaquin, imazamethabenz, imazethapyr or imazamox, preferably imazapyr;
  - pyrimidyl ethers, in particular pyrithiobac sodium;
  - sulfonamides, in particular florasulam, flumetsulam or metosulam, preferably metosulam; or

- sulfonylureas, in particular halosulfuron-methyl,
nicosulfuron, primisulfuron-methyl, prosulfuron,
rimsulfuron, thifensulfuron-methyl, tribenuronmethyl, N-[[[4-methoxy-6-(trifluoromethyl)-1,3,5triazin-2-yl]-amino]carbonyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)-benzenesulfonamide sulfosulfuron or iodosulfuron; especially halosulfuron-methyl, nicosulfuron, primisulfuron-methyl, prosulfuron, rimsulfuron, thifensulfuron-methyl, tribenuron-methyl,
N-[[[4-methoxy-6-(trifluoromethyl)-1,3,5-triazin2-yl]-amino]carbonyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzenesulfonamide or sulfosulfuron;

C3 amides:

.15 - fluthiamide;

- C4 auxin herbicides:
  - pyridinecarboxylic acids, in particular
    clopyralid; or
- 20 2,4-D;
  - C5 auxin transport inhibitors:
    - diflufenzopyr;
- 25 C6 carotenoid biosynthesis inhibitors:
  - isoxaflutole, mesotrione, isoxachloride, ketospiradox or sulcotrione (chlormesulone), in particular isoxaflutole or sulcotrione;
- 30 C7 enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase inhibitors (EPSPS):
  - glyphosate or sulfosate;
  - C8 glutamin synthetase inhibitors:
- 35 glufosinate-ammonium;
  - C9 lipid biosynthesis inhibitors:

PCT/EP2003/008114

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- chloroacetanilides, in particular dimethenamid, Sdimethenamid, acetochlor, metolachlor or Smetolachlor,
- thioureas, in particular benthiocarb;

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- C10 mitosis inhibitors:
  - dinitroanilines, in particular pendimethalin;
- C11 protoporphyrinogen IX oxidase inhibitors:
- diphenyl ethers, in particular acifluorfen or 10. acifluorfen-sodium;
  - oxadiazoles, in particular oxadiargyl; or
  - cyclic imides, in particular butafenacil, carfentrazone-ethyl, cinidon-ethyl or flumicloracpentyl, preferably carfentrazone-ethyl, cinidonethyl or flumidorac-pentyl;
  - pyrazoles, in particular JV 85;

### C12 photosynthesis inhibitors:

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- pyridate or pyridafol, in particular pyridate;
- benzothiadiazinones, in particular bentazone;
- dipyridylenes, in particular paraquat-dichloride;
- ureas, in particular diuron or isoproturon, preferably diuron;
- phenols, in particular bromoxynil; 25
  - chloridazone;
  - triazines, in particular atrazine or terbutylazine; or
  - triazinones, in particular metribuzin;

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- C13 synergists:
  - oxiranes, in particular tridiphane;
- C14 growth substances:

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- aryloxyalkanoic acids, in particular fluoroxypyr, MCPA or mecoprop-P;
- benzoic acids, in particular dicamba; or
- quinolinecarboxylic acids, in particular quinclorac;

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### C16 various other herbicides:

- triaziflam.
- In particular, compounds from amongst the classes of active ingredients mentioned below are preferred, or the following compounds are very particularly preferred.
  - C5 auxin transport inhibitors:
- 10 diflufenzopyr;
  - C9 lipid biosynthesis inhibitors:
    - chloroacetanilides, in particular dimethenamid, Sdimethenamid, acetochlor, metolachlor or Smetolachlor,
    - thioureas, in particular benthiocarb;

### C12 photosynthesis inhibitors:

- pyridate;
- 20 benzothiadiazinones, in particular bentazone;
  - dipyridylenes, in particular paraquat-dichloride;
  - ureas, in particular diuron or isobroturon, preferably diuron;
  - phenols, in particular bromoxynil;
- 25 chloridazon;
  - triazines, in particular atrazine or terbutylazine; or
  - triazinones, in particular metribuzin;
- In particular, compounds from amongst the classes of active ingredients mentioned below are extraordinary preferred, or the following compounds are very particularly preferred.
  - C9 lipid biosynthesis inhibitors:
- chloroacetanilides, in particular dimethenamid, S-dimethenamid, acetochlor, metolachlor or S-metolachlor,
  - thioureas, in particular benthiocarb;

PCT/EP2003/008114 WO 2004/010779

C12 photosynthesis inhibitors:

pyridate;

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- benzothiadiazinones, in particular bentazone;
- dipyridylenes, in particular paraquat-dichloride;
- ureas, in particular diuron or isobroturon, preferably diuron;

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- phenols, in particular bromoxynil;
- chloridazon;
- triazines, in particular atrazine or terbutylazine; or
- triazinones, in particular metribuzin;

Especially preferred are synergistic herbicidal mixtures which comprise as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole, as component B the compound of formula IIa and as component C) an auxin transport inhibitor, in particular diflufenzopyr.

Also especially preferred are synergistic herbicidal mix-20 tures which comprise as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5dihydro-isoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5hydroxy-1H-pyrazole, as component B the compound of formula IIa and as component C) a herbicidal compound from the group 25 C9.

> Also especially preferred are synergistic herbicidal mixtures which comprise as component A. 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5hydroxy-1H-pyrazole, as component B the compound of formula IIa and as component C a chloroacetanilide, in particular acetochlor.

Also especially preferred are synergistic herbicidal mixtures which comprise as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5dihydroisoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5hydroxy-1H-pyrazole, as component B the compound of formula IIa and as component C) a herbicidal compound from the group C12.

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Also especially preferred are synergistic herbicidal mixtures which comprise as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5-di-hydroisoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole, as component B the compound of formula IIa and as component C a triazine, in particular atrazine.

Also especially preferred are synergistic herbicidal mixtures which comprise as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole, as component B the compound of formula IIa and as component C) a herbicidal compound from the group C5 and a herbicidal compound from the group C12.

Also especially preferred are synergistic herbicidal mixtures which comprise as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5hydroxy-1H-pyrazole, as component B the compound of formula IIa and as component C a auxin transport inhibitor and a triazine.

Also especially preferred are synergistic herbicidal mixtures which comprise as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5-di-hydroisoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole, as component B the compound of formula IIa and as component C diflufenzopyr and atrazine.

Also especially preferred are synergistic herbicidal mixtures which comprise as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5-dihydro-isoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole, as component B the compound of formula IIb and as component C) an auxin transport inhibitor, in particular diflufenzopyr.

Also especially preferred are synergistic herbicidal mixtures which comprise as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5dihydro-isoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5hydroxy-1H-pyrazole, as component B the compound of formula

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IIb and as component C) a herbicidal compound from the group C9.

Also especially preferred are synergistic herbicidal mixtures which comprise as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5-di-hydroisoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole, as component B the compound of formula IIb and as component C a chloroacetanilide, in particular acetochlor.

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Also specially preferred are synergistic herbicidal mixtures which comprise as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5-dihydro-isoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole, as component B the compound of formula IIb and as component C) a herbicidal compound from the group C12.

Also especially preferred are synergistic herbicidal mixtures which comprise as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5hydroxy-1H-pyrazole, as component B the compound of formula IIb and as component C a triazine, in particular atrazine.

Also especially preferred are synergistic herbicidal mixtures which comprise as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5dihydroisoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5hydroxy-1H-pyrazole, as component B the compound of formula IIb and as component C) a herbicidal compound from the group . C5 and a herbicidal compound from the group C12.

Also especially preferred are synergistic herbicidal mixtures which comprise as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5hydroxy-1H-pyrazole, as component B the compound of formula IIb and as component C a auxin transport inhibitor and a triazine.

Also especially preferred are synergistic herbicidal mixtures which comprise as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5-

PCT/EP2003/008114

hydroxy-1H-pyrazole, as component B the compound of formula IIb and as component C diflufenzopyr and atrazine.

Also especially preferred are synergistic herbicidal mixtures which comprise as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5-dihydro-isoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole, as component B the compound of formula IIa and the compound of formula IIb, and as component C) an auxin transport inhibitor, in particular diflufenzopyr.

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Also especially preferred are synergistic herbicidal mixtures which comprise as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole, as component B the compound of formula IIa and the compound of formula IIb, and as component C) a herbicidal compound from the group C9.

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Also especially preferred are synergistic herbicidal mixtures which comprise as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole, as component B the compound of formula IIa and the compound of formula IIb, and as component C a chloroacetanilide, in particular acetochlor.

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Also preferred are synergistic herbicidal mixtures which comprise as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole, as component B the compound of formula IIa and the compound of formula IIb, and as component C) a herbicidal compound from the group C12.

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Also especially preferred are synergistic herbicidal mixtures which comprise as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole, as component B the compound of formula IIa and the compound of formula IIb, and as component C a triazine, in particular atrazine.

Also especially preferred are synergistic herbicidal mixtures which comprise as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole, as component B the compound of formula IIa and the compound of formula IIb and as component C) a herbicidal compound from the group C5 and a herbicidal compound from the group C12.

Also especially preferred are synergistic herbicidal mixtures which comprise as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5hydroxy-1H-pyrazole, as component B the compound of formula IIa and the compound of formula IIb and as component C a auxin transport inhibitor and a triazine.

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Also especially preferred are synergistic herbicidal mixtures which comprise as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5hydroxy-1H-pyrazole, as component B the compound of formula IIa and the compound of formula IIb and as component C diflufenzopyr and atrazine.

The present invention also extends to herbicidal compositions which comprise a herbicidally active amount of a synergistic herbicidal mixture (comprising components A), B) and, if desired, C) as described above), at least one liquid and/or solid carrier and, if desired, at least one surfactant.

The herbicidal compositions and synergistic herbicidal mixtures according to the invention can effect very good control of broad-leaved weeds and grass weeds in crops such as maize, cereals, rice and soya without damaging the crop plants, an effect observed especially even at low rates of application.

Taking into consideration the variety of application method in question, the herbicidal compositions and synergistic herbicidal mixtures according to the invention can additionally be employed in a further number of crop plants for eliminating undesirable plants. Examples of suitable crops are the following:

Allium cepa, Ananas comosus, Arachis hypogaea, Asparagus officinalis, Beta vulgaris ssp. altissima, Beta vulgaris ssp. rapa, Brassica napus var. napus, Brassica napus var. napobrassica, Brassica rapa var. silvestris, Camellia sinensis, Carthamus tinctorius, Carya illinoinensis, Citrus limon, Citrus sinensis, Coffea arabica (Coffea canephora, Coffea liberica), Cucumis sativus, Cynodon dactylon, Daucus carota, Elaeis guineensis, Fragaria vesca, Glycine max, Gossypium hirsutum, (Gossypium arboreum, Gossypium herbaceum, Gossypium vitifolium), Helianthus annuus, Hevea brasiliensis, Hordeum vulgare, Humulus lupulus, 10 Ipomoea batatas, Juglans regia, Lens culinaris, Linum usitatissimum, Lycopersicon lycopersicum, Malus spp., Manihot esculenta, Medicago sativa, Musa spp., Nicotiana tabacum (N.rustica), Olea europaea, Oryza sativa, Phaseolus lunatus, Phaseolus vulgaris, Picea abies, Pinus spp., Pisum sativum, Prunus avium, Prunus .15 persica, Pyrus communis, Ribes sylvestre, Ricinus communis, Saccharum officinarum, Secale cereale, Solanum tuberosum, Sorghum bicolor (s. vulgare), Theobroma cacao, Trifolium pratense, Triticum aestivum, Triticum durum, Vicia faba, Vitis vinifera und Zea mays. 20

Moreover, the herbicidal compositions and synergistic herbicidal mixtures according to the invention can also be used in crops which tolerate the action of herbicides due to breeding, including genetic engineering methods.

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The mixtures according to the invention, or the herbicidal compositions comprising them, can be employed, for example, in the form of directly sprayable aqueous solutions, powders, suspensions, also highly-concentrated aqueous, oily or other suspensions or dispersions, emulsions, oil dispersions, pastes, dusts, materials for spreading or granules, by means of spraying, atomizing, dusting, spreading or pouring.

35 The use forms depend on the intended purposes; in any case, they should guarantee the finest possible distribution of the active ingredients according to the invention.

Suitable inert auxiliaries are mineral oil fractions of medium to high boiling point such as kerosene and diesel oil, furthermore coal tar oils and oils of vegetable or animal origin, aliphatic, cyclic and aromatic hydrocarbons, e.g. paraffins, tetrahydronaphthalene, alkylated naphthalenes and their derivatives, alkylated benzenes and their derivatives, alcohols such as methanol, ethanol, propanol, butanol and cyclohexanol, ketones such as cyclohexanone, strongly polar solvents, such as Nemethylpyrrolidone and water.

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Aqueous use forms can be prepared from emulsion concentrates, suspensions, pastes, wettable powders or water-dispersible granules by adding water. To prepare emulsions, pastes or oil dispersions, the substances, as such or dissolved in an oil or solvent, can be homogenized in water by means of wetting agent, tackifier, dispersant or emulsifier. However, it is also possible to prepare concentrates composed of active substance, wetting agent, tackifier, dispersant or emulsifier and, if appropriate, solvent or oil, and these concentrates are suitable for dilution with water.

Suitable surfactants are the alkali metal, alkaline earth metal and ammonium salts of aromatic sulfonic acids, e.g. ligno-, phenol-, naphthalene- and dibutylnaphthalenesulfonic acid, and of fatty acids, of alkyl- and alkylaryl sulfonates, of alkyl sulfates, lauryl ether sulfates and fatty alcohol sulfates, and salts of sulfated hexa-, hepta- and octadecanols, and of fatty alcohol glycol ether, condensates of sulfonated naphthalene and its derivatives with formaldehyde, condensates of naphthalene, or of the naphthalenesulfonic acids, with phenol and formaldehyde, polyoxyethylene octylphenyl ether, ethoxylated isooctyl-, octyl- or nonylphenol, alkylphenyl and tributylphenyl polyglycol ether, alkylaryl polyether alcohols, isotridecyl alcohol, fatty alcohol/ethylene oxide condensates, ethoxylated castor oil, polyoxyethylene alkyl ethers or polyoxypropylene alkyl ethers, lauryl alcohol polyglycol ether acetate, sorbitol esters, lignin-sulfite waste liquors or methylcellulose.

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Powders, materials for spreading and dusts can be prepared by mixing or concomitantly grinding the synergistic herbicidal mixture or the individual active ingredients with a solid carrier.

Granules, e.g. coated granules, impregnated granules and homogeneous granules, can be prepared by binding the active ingredients to solid carriers. Solid carriers are mineral earths such as silicas, silica gels, silicates, talc, kaolin, limestone, lime, chalk, bole, loess, clay, dolomite, diatomaceous earth, calcium sulfate, magnesium sulfate, magnesium oxide, ground synthetic material, fertilizers such as ammonium sulfate, ammonium phosphate, ammonium nitrate, ureas and products of vegetable origin such as cereal meal, tree bark meal, wood meal and nutshell meal, cellulose powders or other solid carriers.

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The concentrations of the mixtures according to the invention in the ready-to-use products can be varied within wide ranges. In general, the formulations comprise from 0.01 to 95% by weight, preferably 0.5 to 90% by weight, of the mixture according to the invention.

The components A) and B) and, if desired, C) can be formulated jointly, but also separately, and/or applied to the plants, their environment and/or seeds jointly or separately. It is preferable to apply the active ingredients simultaneously. However, it is also possible to apply them separately.

Also the respective herbicides of the components A), B) and C), especially the compound of formula IIa and the compound of formula IIb can be formulated jointly, but also separately, and/or applied to the plants, their environment and/or seeds jointly or separately.

Moreover, it may be advantageous to apply the herbicidal compositions and synergistic herbicidal mixtures according to the invention, jointly or separately, with additional other crop protection agents, for example with pesticides or agents for controlling phytopathogenic fungi or bacteria. Also of interest is the miscibility with mineral salt solutions which are employed

for treating nutritional and trace element deficiencies. Nonphytotoxic oils and oil concentrates can also be added.

The mixtures according to the invention and the herbicidal compositions can be applied pre- or post-emergence. If the active ingredients are less well tolerated by certain crop plants, application techniques may be used in which the herbicidal compositions are sprayed, with the aid of the spray apparatus, in such a way that they come into as little contact, if any, with the leaves of the sensitive crop plants while reaching the leaves of undesirable plants which grow underneath, or the bare soil (post-directed, lay-by).

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In the case of a post-emergence treatment of the plants, the
herbicidal compositions according to the invention are preferably applied by foliar application. Application may be effected,
for example, by usual spraying techniques with water as the carrier, using amounts of spray mixture of approx. 100 to 1000
l/ha. The compositions may also be applied by the so-called
"low-yolume" and "ultra-low-volume" methods, or in the form of
so-called granules.

As a rule, the synergistic herbicidal mixtures comprise components A), B) and, if desired, C) in such weight ratios that the synergistic effect takes place.

The ratios of component A) and B) in the mixture preferably range from 1:0.001 to 1:500, preferably from 1:0.01 to 1:200, particularly preferably from 1:0.01 to 1:100, especially from from 1:0.1 to 1:50.

The ratios of components A) and C) in the mixture preferably range from 1:0.002 to 1:800, preferably from 1:0.003 to 1:250, particularly preferably from 1:0.003 to 1:160, especially from 1:0.02 to 1:250, especially preferably from 1:0.02 to 1:160.

The rate of application of pure synergistic herbicidal mixture, i.e. without formulation auxiliaries, amounts to 0.2 to 5000 g/ha, preferably to 2 to 2000 g/ha, in particular to 5 to 1500

g/ha, especially to 8 to 1500 g/ha, of active substance (a.s.), depending on the intended aim, the season, the target plants and growth stage.

- The rate of application of 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoyl derivative of the formula I is 0.1 to 250 g/ha, as a rule 1 to 250 g/ha, preferably 5 to 250 g/ha, especially 10 to 150 g/ha, of active substance (a.s.).
- The preferred rate of application of component B) is 0.1 to 500 g/ha, as a rule 1 to 250 g/ha, preferably 10 to 250 g/ha, of active substance (a.s.)
- The preferred application rate of the active ingredients of the optional component C are compiled in Table 2.

Rate of application 100-800 30-150 100-400 100-400 100-400 20-800 20-800 20-120 100-400 25-100 50-300 25-150 30-400 50-300 25-300 2-120 2-225 25-400 1-800 2-120 1-225 1--20 (g/ha) Active ingredient clodinafpop-P-propargyl pyrithiobac-sodium fenoxaprop-P-ethyl fenoxaprop-ethyl imazamethabenz imazethapyr flumetsulam tralkoxydim sethoxydim cycloxydim florasulam imazamox imazaquin imazapic imazapyr phenoxyphenoxypropionic esters Class of active ingredient cyclohexenone oxime ethers pyrimidyl ethers imidazolinones sulfonamides acetolactate synthase inhibitors (ALS) acetyl-CoA carboxylase inhibitors Component C S

Table 2

			metosulam	1–60
		sulfonylureas		1-120
		2.	. halosulfuron-methyl	5-120
			nicosulfuron	1-120
			primisulfuron-methyl	10-120
		•	prosulfuron	10-120
			rimsulfuron	5-120
			thifensulfuron-methyl	. 10-60
		-	tribenuron-methyl	10-60
			N-[[[4-methoxy-6-(trifluoro-	5-120
			methyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-	
			amino]carbonyl]-2-(trifluoro-	
			methyl)benzenesulfonamide	
			sulfosulfuron	10-60
ខ	amides			250-2000
			fluthiamide	250-2000
2	auxin herbicides			25-750
		pyridinecarboxylic acids		25-750
			clopyralid	25-750
		3	2,4-D	50-750
స	auxin transport inhibitors			15-100
		1	diflufenzopyr	15-100
8	carotenoid biosynthesis inhibitors			25-600
		•	isoxaflutole	25-200
		•	sulcotrione	100-600

		1	mesotrione	25-300
			isoxachlortole	25-200
		.,	ketospiradox	25-300
C2	enolpyruvylshikimat-3-phosphate			360-1080
	synthase inhibitors (EPSPS)			·
			glyphosate	360-1080
			sulfosate	360-1080
జ	glutamine synthetase inhibitors			10-600
		1	glufosinate-ammonium	10-600
ව	lipid biosynthesis inhibitors			60-4000
		chloroacetanilides		60-4000
			dimethenamid	60-2000
			S-dimethenamid	60-2000
			acetochlor	250-4000
			metolachlor	60-4000
			S-metolachlor	60-4000
		thioureas		100-4000
			benthiocarb	1000-4000
C10	mitosis inhibitors			375-3000
		dinitroanilines		375-3000
			pendimethalin	375-3000
CII	protoporphyrinogen IX oxidase inhibitors			0.5-600
		diphenyl ethers		50-300
			acifluorfen	50-300

50-300	20-600	20-600	0.5-300	0.5-35	3-35	3-35	2-300	50-300	30-4000	250-1500	250-1000	480-1440	480-1440	100–800	100-800	250-1600	250-1600	250-1600	100-700	100-700	500-4000	25-4000	25-4000	125-4000
acifluorfen-sodium		oxadiargyl		carfentrazone-ethyl	cinidon-ethyl	flumiclorac-pentyl	butafenacil	JV 485		pyridate	pyridafol		bentazone		paraquat-dichloride		diuron	isoprotoron		bromoxynil			atrazine	terbutylazine
8	oxadiazoles	.,	cyclic imides							1		benzothiadiazinones		dipyridylenes		ureas			phenols		chloridazon	triazines		
									photosynthesis inhibitors															

		triazinone		30-300
			metribuzin	30-300
C13	synergists			500-1500
		oxiranes		500-1500
			tridiphane	500-1500
CI4	growth substances			25-1200
		aryloxyalkanoic acids		50-1200
			fluoroxypyr	50-400
			MCPA	400-1200
			mecoprop-P	400-1200
		benzoic acids		75-800
			dicamba	75-800
		quinolinecarboxylic acids		25-600
			quinclorac	25-600
9I2	various other herbicides	1	triaziflam	50–750

If appropriate, 10-50 g/ha Cloquintocet may also be added.

Use examples

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The mixtures according to the invention were applied pre- or post-emergence (foliar treatment). The herbicidal compounds of component B and, if desired, of component C were applied in the formulation in which they are present as commercially available product.

The herbicidally active compounds of components A), B) and, if

desired, C) were applied in succession or jointly, in the latter

case in some cases as a tank mix and in some cases as a ready
mix, in the form of emulsions, aqueous solutions or suspensions,

the vehicle being water (300 - 400 l/ha). In the case of the

field trials, application was effected with the aid of a mobile

plot sprayer.

The test period extended over 3 to 8 weeks, and the stands were also observed at later points in time.

- Damage by the herbicidal compositions was evaluated with reference to a scale of 0% to 100% in comparison with untreated control plots. O means no damage and 100 means complete destruction of the plants.
- The following examples will demonstrate the action of the herbicidal compositions which can be used according to the invention, without excluding the possibility of other uses.

In these examples, the value E at which only an additive effect of the individual active ingredients is to be expected was calculated by the method of S. R. Colby (Calculating synergistic and antagonistic responses of herbicide combinations, Weeds 15, 20 pp (1967)).

35 This was done using the formula

$$E = X + Y - \frac{XY}{100}$$

where

X = Percentage of the herbicidal action of component X) at an application rate of x;

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- Y = Percentage of the herbicidal action of component Y) at an application rate of y;
- E =expected herbicidal action of component X) + Y) at rates of application x + y (in %).

If the value observed exceeds the value E calculated in accordance with Colby's formula, then synergism is present.

- The herbicidal mixtures according to the invention exert a greater herbicidal action than would have been expected according to Colby on the basis of the observed effects of the individual components when used alone.
- 20 The results of the tests are shown in Tables 3 to 12 below.

In these studies, the following plants were used:

Scientific name	Common name	
Abutilon theophrasti	Velvetleaf	
Brachiaria plantaginea	Alexandergrass	
Echinochloa crus-galli	Barnyardgrass	
Galium aparine	Catchweed	
Pharbitis purpurea	Morningglory	
Polygonum persicaria	Ladysthumb	
Setaria faberi	Faber's foxtail	

Table 3: Herbicidal action of compound 1a.29 and compound IIa (post-emergence treatment; greenhouse)

	Application	Abutilon	Colby
	rate	theophrasti	Value
	[g/ha ai]	Damage [%]	E
Ia.29	3.91	60	
IIa	3.91	60	
Ia.29	3.91		
+	+	85	84
IIa	3.91		

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Table 4: Herbicidal action of compound 1a.29 and compound IIa (post-emergence treatment; greenhouse)

	Application	Galium	Colby
	rate	aparine	Value
	[g/ha ai]	Damage [%]	E
Ia.29	7.81	70	
IIa	7.81	80	
Ia.29	7.81		
+	+	95	94
IIa	7.81		·

Table 5: Herbicidal action of compound 1a.29 compound IIa and compound IIb (post-emergence treatment; greenhouse)

	Application	Echinochloa	Colby
	rate	crus-galli	Value
	[g/ha ai]	Damage [%]	E
Ia.29	3.91		
+	+	60	
IIb	125		
IIa	3.91	25	
Ia.29	3.91		
+	+		
IIb	125	85	70
+	+		
IIa	3.91		

Table 6: Herbicidal action of compound 1a.29 compound IIa and compound IIb (post-emergence treatment; greenhouse)

1		Application	Setaria	Colby
1		rate	faberi	Value
		[g/ha ai]	Damage [%]	E
	Ia.29	7.81		
	+	+	90	
	IIa	7.81		
	IIb	. 250	20	
	Ia.29	7.81		
1	+	+	!	
I	IIa	7.81	98	92
	+	+		
	IIb	250		
- 1			1	1

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Table 7: Herbicidal action of compound 1a.29 compound IIa and compound IIb (post-emergence treatment; greenhouse)

	Application	Setaria	Colby
	rate	faberi	Value
	[g/ha ai]	Damage [%]	B
Ia.29	3.91		
+	+	85 ·	1
IIa	3.91		
IIb	125	20	
Ia.29	3.91		
+	+		
IIa	3.91	95	88
.+	+		
IIb	125		

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Table 8: Herbicidal action of compound 1a.29, compound IIb and atrazine (post-emergence treatment; greenhouse)

	Application	Brachiaria	Colby	Abutilon	Colby
	rate	plantaginea	Value	theophrasti	Value
	[g/ha ai]	Damage [%]	E	Damage [%]	E
Ia.29	7.81				
. +	+	85		80	
IIb .	250	-			
atrazine	125	25		30	
Ia.29	7.81				
+	+				
IIb	250	100	89	98	86
+	+				
atrazine	125				

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Table 9: Herbicidal action of compound 1a.29, compound IIb and atrazine (post-emergence treatment; greenhouse)

	Application	Galium	Colby
	rate	aparine	Value
	;[g/ha ai]	Damage [%]	E
Ia.29	7.81		
. +	+	80	1 1
IIb	250		
atrazine	125	60	
Ia.29	7.81		
+	+		
IIb	250	100	92
+	+		
atrazine	125		

Table 10: Herbicidal action of compound 1a.29, compound IIb and atrazine (post-emergence treatment; greenhouse)

	Application	Polygonum	Colby
·	rate	persicaria	Value
	[g/ha ai]	Damage [%]	E
Ia.29	3.91		
+	+	30 .	
IIb	125		
atrazine	62.5	40	
Ia.29	3.91		
+	+		
IIb	125	98	58
+	+		
atrazine	62.5		

Table 11: Herbicidal action of compound 1a.29, compound IIb and atrazine (post-emergence treatment; greenhouse)

	Application	Setaria	Colby Va-	Pharbitis	Colby
	rate faberi		lue	purpurea	Value
	. [g/ha ai]	Damage [%]	E	Damage [%]	E
Ia.29	1.95				
+	+	85		70 <sub>.</sub>	
Iib	62.5				
atrazine	31.2	30		60	
Ia.29	1.95				
+	+	,			
IIb	62.5	98	90	100	88
+	+				01
atrazine	31.2				

Table 12: Herbicidal action of compound 1a.29, compound IIb and atrazine (post-emergence treatment; greenhouse)

	Application	Polygonum	Colby
	rate	persicaria	Value
	[g/ha ai]	Damage [%]	E
Ia.29	1.95		
+	+	75	
Iib	62.5		
atrazine	31.2	30	
Ia.29	1.95		
+	+		No.
IIb	62.5	95	83
+	+		
atrazine	31.2		